## @Еாersan

## SERVICE MANUAL

## 20" PURE FLAT COLOR TELEVISION EWF2006



## IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

Proper service and repair is important to the safe, reliable operation of all Funai Equipment. The service procedures recommended by Funai and described in this service manual are effective methods of performing service operations. Some of these service special tools should be used when and as recommended.

It is important to note that this service manual contains various CAUTIONS and NOTICES which should be carefully read in order to minimize the risk of personal injury to service personnel. The possibility exists that improper service methods may damage the equipment. It also is important to understand that these CAUTIONS and NOTICES ARE NOT EXHAUSTIVE. Funai could not possibly know, evaluate and advice the service trade of all conceivable ways in which service might be done or of the possible hazardous consequences of each way. Consequently, Funai has not undertaken any such broad evaluation. Accordingly, a servicer who uses a service procedure or tool which is not recommended by Funai must first use all precautions thoroughly so that neither his safety nor the safe operation of the equipment will be jeopardized by the service method selected.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Specifications ..... 1-1
Important Safety Precautions ..... 2-1
Standard Notes for Servicing ..... 3-1
Cabinet Disassembly Instructions ..... 4-1
Electrical Adjustment Instructions ..... 5-1
How to initialize the Televition ..... 6-1
Block Diagrams ..... 7-1
Schematic Diagrams / CBA's and Test Points ..... 8-1
Waveforms ..... 9-1
Wiring Diagram ..... 10-1
IC Pin Function Descriptions. ..... 11-1
Exploded Views. ..... 12-1
Mechanical Parts List ..... 13-1
Electrical Parts List ..... 14-1

## SPECIFICATIONS

## < TUNER >

ANT. Input
75 ohm Unbal., F type
Reference Level---------------20 Vp-p (CRT Green Cathode)
Test Input Signal ------------- $400 \mathrm{~Hz} 30 \%$ modulation

| Description | Condition | Unit | Nominal | Limit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Intermediate Freq. | Picture | MHz | 45.75 | --- |
|  | Sound | MHz | 41.25 | --- |
| 2. Peak Picture Sens | VHF | $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V}$ | 15 | 30 |
|  | CATV | $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V}$ | 15 | 30 |
|  | UHF | $\mathrm{dB} \mu \mathrm{V}$ | 15 | 30 |

< DEFLECTION >

| Description | Condition | Unit | Nominal | Limit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Deflection Freq. | Horizontal <br> Vertical | kHz <br> Hz | 15.734 <br> 60 | --- |
| 2. Linearity | Horizontal <br> Vertical | $\%$ <br> $\%$ | --- | $\pm 15$ |
| 3. Over Scan | --- | $\%$ | 10 | --- |
| 4. High Voltage | --- | kV | 29 | --- |

## < VIDEO \& CHROMA >

| Description | Condition | Unit | Nominal | Limit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Misconvergence | Center | mm | --- | 0.4 |
|  | Side | mm | --- | 1.5 |
|  | Corner | mm | ---1 |  |
| 2. Brightness | APL 100\% | Ft-L | 30 | 25 |
| 3. Color Temperature | --- | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{K}$ | 9200 | --- |
| 4. Resolution | Horizontal | Line | 250 | --- |
|  | Vertical | Line | 300 | --- |

## < AUDIO >

All items are measured across $8 \Omega$ load at speaker output terminal.

| Description | Condition | Unit | Nominal | Limit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Audio Output Power | $10 \% \mathrm{THD}$ | W | 1 | 0.8 |
| 2. Audio Distortion (w/LPF) | 500 mW | $\%$ | 2 | 7 |
| 3. Audio Freq. Response | -3 dB | Hz | $70 \sim 11 \mathrm{k}$ | --- |

Note: Nominal specifications represent the design specifications. All units should be able to approximate these. Some will exceed and some may drop slightly below these specifications. Limit specifications represent the absolute worst condition that still might be considered acceptable. In no case should a unit fail to meet limit specifications.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Prior to shipment from the factory, our products are strictly inspected for recognized product safety and electrical codes of the countries in which they are to be sold. However, in order to maintain such compliance, it is equally important to implement the following precautions when a set is being serviced.

## Safety Precautions for TV Circuit

## 1. Before returning an instrument to the

 customer, always make a safety check of the entire instrument, including, but not limited to, the following items:a. Be sure that no built-in protective devices are defective and have been defeated during servicing. (1) Protective shields are provided on this chassis to protect both the technician and the customer. Correctly replace all missing protective shields, including any removed for servicing convenience. (2) When reinstalling the chassis and/or other assembly in the cabinet, be sure to put back in place all protective devices, including but not limited to, nonmetallic control knobs, insulating fishpapers, adjustment and compartment covers/shields, and isolation resistor/capacitor networks. Do not operate this instrument or permit it to be operated without all protective devices correctly installed and functioning. Servicers who defeat safety features or fail to perform safety checks may be liable for any resulting damage.
b. Be sure that there are no cabinet openings through which an adult or child might be able to insert their fingers and contact a hazardous voltage. Such openings include, but are not limited to, (1) spacing between the picture tube and the cabinet mask, (2) excessively wide cabinet ventilation slots, and (3) an improperly fitted and/or incorrectly secured cabinet back cover.
c. Antenna Cold Check - With the instrument AC plug removed from any AC source, connect an electrical jumper across the two AC plug prongs. Place the instrument AC switch in the on position. Connect one lead of an ohmmeter to the AC plug prongs tied together and touch the other ohmmeter lead in turn to each tuner antenna input exposed terminal screw and, if applicable, to the coaxial connector. If the measured resistance is less than 1.0 megohm or greater than 5.2 megohm, an abnormality exists that must be corrected before the instrument is returned to the customer. Repeat this test with the instrument AC switch in the off position.
d. Leakage Current Hot Check - With the instrument completely reassembled, plug the

AC line cord directly into a 120 V AC outlet. (Do not use an isolation transformer during this test.) Use a leakage current tester or a metering system that complies with American National Standards Institute (ANSI) C101.1 Leakage Current for Appliances and Underwriters Laboratories (UL) 1410, (50.7). With the instrument AC switch first in the on position and then in the off position, measure from a known earth ground (metal water pipe, conduit, etc.) to all exposed metal parts of the instrument (antennas, handle brackets, metal cabinet, screw heads, metallic overlays, control shafts, etc.), especially any exposed metal parts that offer an electrical return path to the chassis. Any current measured must not exceed 0.5 milli-ampere. Reverse the instrument power cord plug in the outlet and repeat the test.


## ANY MEASUREMENTS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS SPECIFIED HEREIN INDICATE A POTENTIAL SHOCK HAZARD THAT MUST BE ELIMINATED BEFORE RETURNING THE INSTRUMENT TO THE CUSTOMER OR BEFORE CONNECTING THE ANTENNA OR ACCESSORIES.

e. X-Radiation and High Voltage Limits Because the picture tube is the primary potential source of X-radiation in solid-state TV receivers, it is specially constructed to prohibit X-radiation emissions. For continued Xradiation protection, the replacement picture tube must be the same type as the original.

Also, because the picture tube shields and mounting hardware perform an X-radiation protection function, they must be correctly in place. High voltage must be measured each time servicing is performed that involves $\mathrm{B}+$, horizontal deflection or high voltage. Correct operation of the X -radiation protection circuits also must be reconfirmed each time they are serviced. (X-radiation protection circuits also may be called "horizontal disable" or "hold down.") Read and apply the high voltage limits and, if the chassis is so equipped, the $X$ radiation protection circuit specifications given on instrument labels and in the Product Safety \& X-Radiation Warning note on the service data chassis schematic. High voltage is maintained within specified limits by close tolerance safety-related components/ adjustments in the high-voltage circuit. If high voltage exceeds specified limits, check each component specified on the chassis schematic and take corrective action.
2. Read and comply with all caution and safetyrelated notes on or inside the receiver cabinet, on the receiver chassis, or on the picture tube.
3. Design Alteration Warning - Do not alter or add to the mechanical or electrical design of this TV receiver. Design alterations and additions, including, but not limited to circuit modifications and the addition of items such as auxiliary audio and/or video output connections, might alter the safety characteristics of this receiver and create a hazard to the user. Any design alterations or additions will void the manufacturer's warranty and may make you, the servicer, responsible for personal injury or property damage resulting therefrom.
4. Picture Tube Implosion Protection Warning The picture tube in this receiver employs integral implosion protection. For continued implosion protection, replace the picture tube only with one of the same type number. Do not remove, install, or otherwise handle the picture tube in any manner without first putting on shatterproof goggles equipped with side shields. People not so equipped must be kept safely away while picture tubes are handled. Keep the picture tube away from your body. Do not handle the picture tube by its neck. Some "in-line" picture tubes are equipped with a permanently attached deflection yoke; because of potential hazard, do not try to remove such "permanently attached" yokes from the picture tube.

## 5. Hot Chassis Warning -

a. Some TV receiver chassis are electrically connected directly to one conductor of the AC power cord and maybe safety-serviced without
an isolation transformer only if the AC power plug is inserted so that the chassis is connected to the ground side of the AC power source. To confirm that the AC power plug is inserted correctly, with an AC voltmeter, measure between the chassis and a known earth ground. If a voltage reading in excess of 1.0 V is obtained, remove and reinsert the AC power plug in the opposite polarity and again measure the voltage potential between the chassis and a known earth ground.
b. Some TV receiver chassis normally have 85 V AC(RMS) between chassis and earth ground regardless of the AC plug polarity. This chassis can be safety-serviced only with an isolation transformer inserted in the power line between the receiver and the AC power source, for both personnel and test equipment protection.
c. Some TV receiver chassis have a secondary ground system in addition to the main chassis ground. This secondary ground system is not isolated from the AC power line. The two ground systems are electrically separated by insulation material that must not be defeated or altered.
6. Observe original lead dress. Take extra care to assure correct lead dress in the following areas: a. near sharp edges, b. near thermally hot parts-be sure that leads and components do not touch thermally hot parts, c. the AC supply, d. high voltage, and, e. antenna wiring. Always inspect in all areas for pinched, out of place, or frayed wiring. Check AC power cord for damage.
7. Components, parts, and/or wiring that appear to have overheated or are otherwise damaged should be replaced with components, parts, or wiring that meet original specifications. Additionally, determine the cause of overheating and/or damage and, if necessary, take corrective action to remove any potential safety hazard.
8. Product Safety Notice - Some electrical and mechanical parts have special safety-related characteristics which are often not evident from visual inspection, nor can the protection they give necessarily be obtained by replacing them with components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. Parts that have special safety characteristics are identified by a on schematics and in parts lists. Use of a substitute replacement that does not have the same safety characteristics as the recommended replacement part might create shock, fire, and/or other hazards. The product's safety is under review continuously and new instructions are issued whenever appropriate. Prior to shipment from the factory, our products are strictly inspected to confirm they comply with the recognized product safety and electrical codes
of the countries in which they are to be sold. However, in order to maintain such compliance, it is equally important to implement the following precautions when a set is being serviced.

## Precautions during Servicing

A. Parts identified by the A symbol are critical for safety.
Replace only with part number specified.
B. In addition to safety, other parts and assemblies are specified for conformance with regulations applying to spurious radiation. These must also be replaced only with specified replacements. Examples: RF converters, RF cables, noise blocking capacitors, and noise blocking filters, etc.
C. Use specified internal wiring. Note especially:

1) Wires covered with PVC tubing
2) Double insulated wires
3) High voltage leads
D. Use specified insulating materials for hazardous live parts. Note especially:
4) Insulation Tape
5) PVC tubing
6) Spacers
7) Insulators for transistors.
E. When replacing AC primary side components (transformers, power cord, etc.), wrap ends of wires securely about the terminals before soldering.
F. Observe that the wires do not contact heat producing parts (heat sinks, oxide metal film resistors, fusible resistors, etc.)
G. Check that replaced wires do not contact sharp edged or pointed parts.
H. When a power cord has been replaced, check that $5 \sim 6 \mathrm{~kg}$ of force in any direction will not loosen it.
I. Also check areas surrounding repaired locations.
J. Use care that foreign objects (screws, solder droplets, etc.) do not remain inside the set.
K. Crimp type wire connector The power transformer uses crimp type connectors which connect the power cord and the primary side of the transformer. When replacing the transformer, follow these steps carefully and precisely to prevent shock hazards. Replacement procedure
8) Remove the old connector by cutting the wires at a point close to the connector. Important: Do not re-use a connector (discard it).
9) Strip about 15 mm of the insulation from the ends of the wires. If the wires are stranded, twist the strands to avoid frayed conductors.
10) Align the lengths of the wires to be connected. Insert the wires fully into the connector.
11) Use the crimping tool to crimp the metal sleeve at the center position. Be sure to crimp fully to the complete closure of the tool.
L. When connecting or disconnecting the internal connectors, first, disconnect the AC plug from the AC supply outlet.

## Safety Check after Servicing

Examine the area surrounding the repaired location for damage or deterioration. Observe that screws, parts and wires have been returned to original positions. Afterwards, perform the following tests and confirm the specified values in order to verify compliance with safety standards.

## 1. Clearance Distance

When replacing primary circuit components, confirm specified clearance distance (d) and (d') between soldered terminals, and between terminals and surrounding metallic parts. (See Fig. 1)
Table 1: Ratings for selected area

| AC Line Voltage | Region | Clearance <br> Distance (d), (d') |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 to 130 V | U.S.A. or <br> Canada | $\geq 3.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> $(0.126$ inches) |

Note: This table is unofficial and for reference only. Be sure to confirm the precise values.


Fig. 1

## 2. Leakage Current Test

Confirm the specified (or lower) leakage current between B (earth ground, power cord plug prongs) and externally exposed accessible parts (RF terminals, antenna terminals, video and audio input and output terminals, microphone jacks, earphone jacks, etc.) is lower than or equal to the specified value in the table below.

## Measuring Method: (Power ON)

Insert load $Z$ between $B$ (earth ground, power cord plug prongs) and exposed accessible parts. Use an AC voltmeter to measure across both terminals of load $Z$. See Fig. 2 and following table.


Fig. 2

Table 2: Leakage current ratings for selected areas

| AC Line Voltage | Region | Load Z | Leakage Current (i) | Earth Ground (B) to: |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 to 130 V | U.S.A. or <br> Canada | $0.15 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ CAP. \& $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ <br> RES. Connected in parallel | $\mathrm{i} \leq 0.5 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{rms}$ | Exposed accessible <br> parts |

Note: This table is unofficial and for reference only. Be sure to confirm the precise values.

## STANDARD NOTES FOR SERVICING

## Circuit Board Indications

1. The output pin of the 3 pin Regulator ICs is indicated as shown.

2. For other ICs, pin 1 and every fifth pin are indicated as shown.


10
3. The 1 st pin of every male connector is indicated as shown.

Pin 1


## Pb (Lead) Free Solder

Pb free mark will be found on PCBs which use Pb free solder. (Refer to figure.) For PCBs with Pb free mark, be sure to use Pb free solder. For PCBs without Pb free mark, use standard solder.


## How to Remove / Install Flat Pack-IC

## 1. Removal

With Hot-Air Flat Pack-IC Desoldering Machine:

1. Prepare the hot-air flat pack-IC desoldering machine, then apply hot air to the Flat Pack-IC (about 5 to 6 seconds). (Fig. S-1-1)

2. Remove the flat pack-IC with tweezers while applying the hot air.
3. Bottom of the flat pack-IC is fixed with glue to the CBA; when removing entire flat pack-IC, first apply soldering iron to center of the flat pack-IC and heat up. Then remove (glue will be melted). (Fig. S-1-6)
4. Release the flat pack-IC from the CBA using tweezers. (Fig. S-1-6)

## CAUTION:

1. The Flat Pack-IC shape may differ by models. Use an appropriate hot-air flat pack-IC desoldering machine, whose shape matches that of the Flat Pack-IC.
2. Do not supply hot air to the chip parts around the flat pack-IC for over 6 seconds because damage to the chip parts may occur. Put masking tape around the flat pack-IC to protect other parts from damage. (Fig. S-1-2)
3. The flat pack-IC on the CBA is affixed with glue, so be careful not to break or damage the foil of each pin or the solder lands under the IC when removing it.


Fig. S-1-2

## With Soldering Iron:

1. Using desoldering braid, remove the solder from all pins of the flat pack-IC. When you use solder flux which is applied to all pins of the flat pack-IC, you can remove it easily. (Fig. S-1-3)


Fig. S-1-3
2. Lift each lead of the flat pack-IC upward one by one, using a sharp pin or wire to which solder will not adhere (iron wire). When heating the pins, use a fine tip soldering iron or a hot air desoldering machine. (Fig. S-1-4)


Fig. S-1-4
3. Bottom of the flat pack-IC is fixed with glue to the CBA; when removing entire flat pack-IC, first apply soldering iron to center of the flat pack-IC and heat up. Then remove (glue will be melted). (Fig. S-1-6)
4. Release the flat pack-IC from the CBA using tweezers. (Fig. S-1-6)

## With Iron Wire:

1. Using desoldering braid, remove the solder from all pins of the flat pack-IC. When you use solder flux which is applied to all pins of the flat pack-IC, you can remove it easily. (Fig. S-1-3)
2. Affix the wire to a workbench or solid mounting point, as shown in Fig. S-1-5.
3. While heating the pins using a fine tip soldering iron or hot air blower, pull up the wire as the solder melts so as to lift the IC leads from the CBA contact pads as shown in Fig. S-1-5.
4. Bottom of the flat pack-IC is fixed with glue to the CBA; when removing entire flat pack-IC, first apply soldering iron to center of the flat pack-IC and heat up. Then remove (glue will be melted). (Fig. S-1-6)
5. Release the flat pack-IC from the CBA using tweezers. (Fig. S-1-6)
Note: When using a soldering iron, care must be taken to ensure that the flat pack-IC is not being held by glue. When the flat pack-IC is removed from the CBA, handle it gently because it may be damaged if force is applied.


Fig. S-1-6

## 2. Installation

1. Using desoldering braid, remove the solder from the foil of each pin of the flat pack-IC on the CBA so you can install a replacement flat pack-IC more easily.
2. The " ${ }^{\circ}$ " mark on the flat pack-IC indicates pin 1. (See Fig. S-1-7.) Be sure this mark matches the 1 on the PCB when positioning for installation. Then presolder the four corners of the flat pack-IC. (See Fig. S-1-8.)
3. Solder all pins of the flat pack-IC. Be sure that none of the pins have solder bridges.

## Example :



Pin 1 of the Flat Pack-IC is indicated by a " $\bullet$ " mark.

Fig. S-1-7


## Instructions for Handling Semiconductors

Electrostatic breakdown of the semi-conductors may occur due to a potential difference caused by electrostatic charge during unpacking or repair work.

## 1. Ground for Human Body

Be sure to wear a grounding band ( $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ ) that is properly grounded to remove any static electricity that may be charged on the body.

## 2. Ground for Workbench

Be sure to place a conductive sheet or copper plate with proper grounding ( $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ ) on the workbench or other surface, where the semi-conductors are to be placed. Because the static electricity charge on clothing will not escape through the body grounding band, be careful to avoid contacting semi-conductors with your clothing.


## CABINET DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

## 1. Disassembly Flowchart

This flowchart indicates the disassembly steps for the cabinet parts, and the CBA in order to gain access to item(s) to be serviced. When reassembling, follow the steps in reverse order. Bend, route and dress the cables as they were.

## CAUTION!

When removing the CRT, be sure to discharge the Anode Lead of the CRT with the CRT Ground Wire before removing the Anode Cap.


## 2. Disassembly Method

| Step/ <br> Loc. <br> No. | Part | Removal |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Fig. No. | Remove/*Unhook Unlock/Release/ Unplug/Unclamp/ Desolder | Note |
| [1] | Rear Cabinet | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \mathrm{D} 1 \\ \mathrm{D} 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7(\mathrm{~S}-1), 2(\mathrm{~S}-2), \\ & (\mathrm{S}-4) \end{aligned}$ | 1 |
| [2] | CRT CBA | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D4 } \\ & \text { D5 } \end{aligned}$ | CN1501 | 2 |
| [3] | Main CBA | D3 | CN571 | 3 |
| [4] | CRT | D4 | 4(S-3), Anode Cap | 4 |
| $\begin{gathered} \downarrow \\ (1) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \\ & (2) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \downarrow \\ (3) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \downarrow \\ (4) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \downarrow \\ (5) \end{gathered}$ |

## Note:

(1) Order of steps in procedure. When reassembling, follow the steps in reverse order. These numbers are also used as the Identification (location) No. of parts in figures.
(2) Parts to be removed or installed.
(3) Fig. No. showing procedure of part location
(4) Identification of parts to be removed, unhooked, unlocked, released, unplugged, unclamped, or desoldered.
P = Spring, $\mathrm{L}=$ Locking Tab, S = Screw,
CN = Connector

* = Unhook, Unlock, Release, Unplug, or Desolder
e.g. 2(S-2) = two Screws (S-2),

2(L-2) = two Locking Tabs (L-2)
(5) Refer to the following "Reference Notes in the Table."

## Reference Notes in the Table

1. Removal of the Rear Cabinet: Remove screws 7(S-1), 2(S-2) and (S-4) then slide the Rear Cabinet backward.
2. Removal of the CRT CBA: Disconnect CN1501 then pull the CRT CBA backward.
3. Removal of the Main CBA: Disconnect CN571 on the Main CBA then slide the Main CBA backward.
4. CAUTION: Discharge the Anode Lead of the CRT with the CRT Ground Wire before removing the Anode Cap.
Removal of the CRT: Remove screws 4(S-3) and Anode Cap. then slide the CRT backward.


Fig. D2


## TV Cable Wiring Diagram



## ELECTRICAL ADJUSTMENT INSTRUCTIONS

## General Note: "CBA" is abbreviation for "Circuit Board Assembly."

Note: Electrical adjustments are required after replacing circuit components and certain mechanical parts. It is important to perform these adjustments only after all repairs and replacements have been completed.
Also, do not attempt these adjustments unless the proper equipment is available.

## Test Equipment Required

1. NTSC Pattern Generator (Color Bar W/White Window, Red Color, Dot Pattern, Gray Scale, Monoscope, Multi-Burst)
2. DC Voltmeter
3. Oscilloscope: Dual-trace with $10: 1$ probe, V-Range: 0.001~50 V/Div, F-Range: DC~AC-60 MHz
4. Plastic Tip Driver
5. Remote control unit: Part No. NE116UE
6. DC power supply $13.2 \mathrm{~V} / 5 \mathrm{~A}$

## How to make Service remote control unit:

1. Prepare normal remote control unit. (Part No. NE116UE)
Remove 3 Screws from the back lid. (Fig. 1-1)


Remote control unit (bottom)
Fig. 1-1
2. Add J1 (Jumper Wire) to the remote control CBA. (Fig. 1-2)


Remote Control CBA
Fig. 1-2

How to enter the service mode:

## Service mode:

1. Use the service remote control unit.
2. Turn the power on. (Use main power on the TV unit.)
3. Press [SLEEP] button on the service remote control unit. Version of micro computer will display on the CRT. (Ex: 058-0.06)
4. Check the display on the lower left is " 3641 " and if it is not " 3641 ," set it at " 3641 " according to "Initial Setting" on page 5-2.

## 1. +B Adjustment

Purpose: To obtain correct operation.
Symptom of Misadjustment: The picture is dark and the unit does not operate correctly.

| Test Point | Adj. Point | Mode | Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TP601(+B) <br> TP300(GND) | VR661 | --- | --- |
| Tape | M. EQ. | Spec. |  |
| -- | DC Voltmeter | $+114 \pm 0.5$ V DC. |  |

Note: TP601, TP300(GND), VR661 --- Main CBA

1. Connect DC Volt Meter to TP601 and TP300(GND).
2. Adjust VR661 so that the voltage of TP601 becomes $+114 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ DC.

## 2. Initial Setting

## General

1. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.)
2. Press [VOL $\mathbf{~ ]}$ button on the service remote control unit. Display changes "C/D," "7F," "LANGUAGE," "ACCESS CODE," "SOUND TYPE," "VIDEO TONE," "FM-MODE," "V-OUT," "VIDEO," "AV MEMO," "STABLE SOUND," "FILTER," "1000," "YUV MEMORY," "NO SIG BRT," "A-MUTE POL," and "V-MENU" cyclically when [VOL $\quad$ ] button is pressed.
3. To set the following each data value, press [CH $\Delta$ / $\checkmark$ ] buttons on the service remote control unit.
7F --- Set to "FF."
LANGUAGE --- Set to "SPA/FRA."
ACCESS CODE --- Set to "ON."
SOUND TYPE --- Set to "MTS."
VIDEO TONE --- Set to "ON."
FM-MODE --- Set to "OFF."
V-OUT --- Set to "OFF."
VIDEO --- Set to "V1/V2."
AV MEMO --- Set to "OFF."
STABLE SOUND --- Set to "OFF."
FILTER --- Set to "OFF."
Adjusting the monitoring time --- Set to "1000."
YUV MEMORY --- Set to "OFF."
NO SIG BRT --- Set to "0."
A-MUTE POL --- Set to "H."
V-MENU --- Set to "OFF."
4. Setting for BRIGHT, CONTRAST, COLOR, S-COLOR, TINT, V-TINT, S-TINT, SHARP, and S-SHARP Data Values

## General

1. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.)
2. Press [MENU] button on the service remote control unit. Display changes "BRT," "CNT," "CLR," "S-CLR," "TNT," "V-TNT," "S-TNT," "SHARP," and " $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{SRP}$," cyclically when [MENU] button is pressed.

## CNT

1. Press [MENU] button on the service remote control unit. Then select "CONTRAST" (CNT) display.
2. Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla]$ buttons on the service remote control unit so that the value of "CONTRAST" (CNT) becomes 84.

## CLR

1. Press [MENU] button on the service remote control unit. Then select "COLOR" (CLR) display.
2. Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla]$ buttons on the service remote control unit so that the value of "COLOR" (CLR) becomes 58.

## S-CLR

1. Press [MENU] button on the service remote control unit. Then select " $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{COLOR}$ " (S-CLR) display.
2. Press [ $\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla$ ] buttons on the service remote control unit so that the value of "S-COLOR" (SCLR) becomes 58 .

## TNT

1. Press [MENU] button on the service remote control unit. Then select "TINT" (TNT) display.
2. Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla]$ buttons on the service remote control unit so that the value of "TINT" (TNT) becomes 60 .
V-TNT
3. Press [MENU] button on the service remote control unit. Then select "V-TINT" (V-TNT) display.
4. Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla]$ buttons on the service remote control unit so that the value of " V -TINT" (V-TNT) becomes 60 .

S-TNT

1. Press [MENU] button on the service remote control unit. Then select "S-TINT" (S-TNT) display.
2. Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla]$ buttons on the service remote control unit so that the value of " $\mathrm{S}-\mathrm{TINT}$ " (S-TNT) becomes 60 .

## SHARP

1. Press [MENU] button on the service remote control unit. Then select "SHARP" (SHARP) display.
2. Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\wedge} / \square$ buttons on the service remote control unit and select "43."

## S-SRP

1. Press [MENU] button on the service remote control unit. Then select "S-SHARP" (S-SRP) display.
2. Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\wedge} / \nabla]$ buttons on the service remote control unit and select " 43 ."
Note: BRIGHT data value does not need to be adjusted at this moment.

## 4. $\mathrm{H} \mathrm{f}_{0}$ Adjustment

Purpose: To get correct horizontal frequency.
Note: Use service remote control unit.

1. Press [2] button on the service remote control unit and select H-ADJ mode. (By pressing [2] button the display will change from TV AGC to H-ADJ.)
2. Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla]$ buttons on the service remote control unit so that display will change " 0 " $\sim$ " 7 ". At this moment, Choose " 4 ".
3. Turn the power off and on again. (Main Power button on the TV unit.)

## 5. Black Stretch Control Adjustment

Purpose: To show the fine black color.
Symptom of Misadjustment: Black color will not appear correctly.
Note: Use service remote control unit.

1. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.)
2. Press [6] button on the service remote control unit. " $\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{S}$ " is indicated.
3. Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla]$ buttons on the service remote control unit so that display will change "OFF," " 0 ," and "1." Then choose "B-S OFF."
4. Press [6] button on the service remote control unit. "B-S2" is indicated.
5. Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla]$ buttons on the service remote control unit so that display will change " 0 " and " 1 ." Then choose "B-S2 0."
6. Turn the power off and on again, using the main power button on the TV unit.

## 6. Purity Check

1. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.)
2. Press [7] button on the remote control unit. Each time pressing [7] button on the service remote control unit, display changes Red mode, Green mode, Blue mode, and White mode cyclically.
3. Select White mode.
4. Turn the power off and on again. (Main power button on the TV unit.)

## 7. SD Check Mode

1. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.)
2. Press [1] button on the remote control unit. The unit enter the SD-Check mode.
3. The unit starts selecting the added channel from first channel according to the memorized CH ADD/ DELL data and CATV/TV data in RAM.


## 8. H. Position Adjustment

Purpose: To obtain correct horizontal position of screen image.

Symptom of Misadjustment: If H. Position is incorrect, horizontal position of image on the screen may not be properly displayed.

| Test Point | Adj. Point | Mode | Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| --- | $[C H \quad \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla]$ <br> buttons | RF | Monoscope |
| Tape | M. EQ. | Spec. |  |
| --- | Monoscope | $90 \pm 5 \%$ |  |

Note: Use service remote control unit

1. Operate the unit for at least 20 minutes.
2. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.)
3. Receive the monoscope pattern.
4. Press [8] button on the remote control unit. "H-P" is indicated.
5. Press [CH $\boldsymbol{\Delta} / \boldsymbol{\nabla}$ ] buttons on the service remote control unit so that the monoscope pattern will be $90 \pm 5 \%$ of display size and the circle is round.
6. Turn the power off and on again. (Main power button on the TV unit.)

## 9. V. Size Adjustment

Purpose: To obtain correct vertical width of screen image.

Symptom of Misadjustment: If V. Size is incorrect, vertical size of image on the screen may not be properly displayed.

| Test Point | Adj. Point | Mode | Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| --- | $[C H \quad$ © $/ \nabla]$ <br> buttons | RF | Monoscope |
| Tape | M. EQ. | Spec. |  |
| --- | Monoscope | $90 \pm 5 \%$ |  |

Note: Use service remote control unit.

1. Operate the unit for at least 20 minutes.
2. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.)
3. Receive the monoscope pattern.
4. Press [9] button on the service remote control unit and select " V -S" mode. (Display changes " V - S " and " $\mathrm{V}-\mathrm{P}$ " cyclically when [9] button is pressed).
5. Press [ $\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \nabla$ ] buttons on the service remote control unit so that the monoscope pattern will be $90 \pm 5 \%$ of display size and the circle is round.
6. Turn the power off and on again. (Main power button on the TV unit.)

## 10. V. Position Adjustment

Purpose: To obtain correct vertical width of screen image.

Symptom of misadjustment: If V. Position is incorrect, vertical height of image on the screen may not be properly displayed.

| Test Point | Adj. Point | Mode | Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| --- | $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \mathbf{\text { b }}$ <br> buttons | RF | Monoscope |
| Tape | M. EQ. | Spec. |  |
| --- | Monoscope | See below. |  |

Note: Use service remote control unit

1. Operate the unit for at least 20 minutes.
2. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.)
3. Receive the monoscope pattern.
4. Press [9] button on the service remote control unit and select "V-P" mode. (Display change "V-S" and "V-P" cyclically when [9] button is pressed).
5. Press [CH $\boldsymbol{\sim} / \nabla$ ] buttons on the service remote control unit so that the top and bottom of the monoscope pattern will be equal of each other.
6. Turn the power off and on again. (Main power button on the TV unit.)

## 11. Software Reset

To reset software, press [5] button on the remote control unit for at least 5 seconds after pressing [ CH RETURN] button on the remote control unit.

## 12. Cut-off Adjustment

Purpose: To adjust the beam current of R, G, B, and screen voltage.

Symptom of Misadjustment: White color may be reddish, greenish or bluish.

| Test Point | Adj. Point | Mode | Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| --- | Screen-Control [CH $\boldsymbol{A} / \boldsymbol{\nabla}$ ] buttons | RF | Black Raster |
| Tape | M. EQ. |  |  |
| --- | Pattern Generator |  | erence below. |
| Figure |  |  |  |
| Pattern Generator <br> Ext. Input |  |  |  |

Fig. 2
Note: Screen Control FBT --- Main CBA FBT = Fly Back Transformer Use service remote control unit

1. Degauss the CRT and allow CRT to operate for 20 minutes before starting the alignment.
2. Input the Black Raster Signal from RF Input.
3. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.)
4. Press [VOL $\boldsymbol{\nabla}]$ button on the service remote control unit and select "C/D" mode. (Display changes "C/D," "7F," "LANGUAGE," "ACCESS CODE," "SOUND TYPE," "VIDEO TONE," "FMMODE," "V-OUT," "VIDEO," "AV MEMO," "STABLE SOUND," "FILTER," "1000," "YUV MEMORY," "NO SIG BRT," "A-MUTE POL," and "V-MENU" cyclically when [VOL $\nabla$ ] button is pressed.) then press " 1 ." The display will momentarily show "CUT OFF R" (R=Red). Now there should be a horizontal line across the center of the picture tube. If needed gradually turn the screen control on the flyback, clockwise until the horizontal line appears. Adjust the Red Cut off by pressing [CH $\boldsymbol{A}$ $/ \nabla$ ] buttons. Proceed to Step 5 when the Red Cut off adjustment is done.
5. Press [2] button. The display will momentarily show "CUT OFF G" ( $\mathrm{G}=\mathrm{Green}$ ). Adjust the Green

Cut off by pressing [ $\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\wedge} / \nabla$ ] buttons. Proceed to step 6 when the Green Cut off adjustment is done.
6. Press [3] button. The display will momentarily show "CUT OFF B" (B = Blue). Adjust the Blue cut off by pressing [ $\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\wedge} / \nabla$ ] buttons. When done with steps 4,5 and 6 the horizontal line should be pure white if not, then attempt the Cut off adjustment again.

## 13. White Balance Adjustment

Purpose: To mix red, green and blue beams correctly for pure white.
Symptom of Misadjustment: White becomes bluish or reddish.

| Test Point | Adj. Point | Mode | Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Screen | $\underset{\text { buttons }}{[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \mathrm{]}]}$ | RF | White Raster (APL 100\%) |
| Tape | M. EQ. | Spec. |  |
| --- | Pattern Generator, Color analyzer | See below |  |
| Figure |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Note: Use service remote control unit

1. Operate the unit more than 20 minutes.
2. Face the unit to east. Degauss the CRT using Degaussing Coil.
3. Input the White Raster (APL 100\%).
4. Set the color analyzer to the CHROMA mode and after zero point calibration, bring the optical receptor to the center on the tube surface (CRT).
5. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.) Press [VOL $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ ] button on the service remote control unit and select "C/D" mode. (Display changes "C/D," "7F," "LANGUAGE," "ACCESS CODE," "SOUND TYPE," "VIDEO TONE," "FM-MODE," "V-OUT," "VIDEO," "AV MEMO," "STABLE SOUND," "FILTER," "1000," "YUV MEMORY," "NO SIG BRT," "A-MUTE POL," and "V-MENU" cyclically when [VOL $\mathbf{~ ]}$ button is pressed.) then Press [8] button on the service remote control Unit.
6. Press [4] button on the service remote control unit for Red adjustment. Press [5] button on the service remote control unit for Blue adjustment.
7. In each color mode, Press $[\mathrm{CH} \boldsymbol{\Delta} / \boldsymbol{\nabla}$ ] buttons to adjust the values of color.
8. Adjusting Red and Blue color so that the temperature becomes 9200K (x: 286 / y: 294) $\pm 3 \%$.
9. At this time, Re-check that Horizontal line is white. If not, Re-adjust Cut-off Adjustment until the Horizontal Line becomes pure white.
10. Turn off and on again to return to normal mode. Receive APL 100\% white signal and Check Chroma temperatures become 9200K (x: 286 / y: 294) $\pm 3 \%$.

Note: Confirm that Cut Off Adj. is correct after this adjustment, and attempt Cut Off Adj. if needed.

## 14. Sub-Brightness Adjustment

Purpose: To get proper brightness.
Symptom of Misadjustment: If Sub-Brightness is incorrect, proper brightness cannot be obtained by adjusting the Brightness Control.


Fig. 4
Note: IQW Setup level --- 7.5 IRE Use service remote control unit

1. Enter the Service mode. (See page 5-1.) Then input IQW signal from RF Input.
2. Press [MENU] button on the service remote control unit and Select "BRT" mode. (Display changes "BRT," "CNT," "CLR," "S-CLR," "TNT," "VTNT," "S-TNT", "SHARP," and "S-SRP," cyclically when [MENU] button is pressed). Press [CH $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ / $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ ] buttons so that the bar is just visible (See above figure).
3. Turn the power off and on again. (Main power button on the TV unit.)

## 15. Focus Adjustment

Purpose: Set the optimum Focus.
Symptom of Misadjustment: If Focus Adjustment is incorrect, blurred images are shown on the display.

| Test Point | Adj. Point | Mode | Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| --- | Focus Control | --- | Monoscope |
| Tape | M. EQ. | Spec. |  |
| --- | Pattern <br> Generator | See below |  |

Note: Focus VR (FBT) --- Main CBA, FBT = Fly Back Transformer

1. Operate the unit more than 30 minutes.
2. Face the unit to the East and Degauss the CRT using Degaussing Coil.
3. Input the Monoscope Pattern.
4. Adjust the Focus Control on the FBT to obtain clear picture.

The following adjustments normally are not attempted in the field. Only when replacing the CRT then adjust as a preparation.

## 16. Purity Adjustment

Purpose: To obtain pure color.
Symptom of Misadjustment: If Color Purity Adjustment is incorrect, large areas of color may not be properly displayed.

| Test Point | Adj. Point | Mode | Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| --- | Deflection Yoke Purity Magnet | --- | Red Color |
| Tape | M. EQ. |  | Spec. |
| --- | Pattern Generator |  | below |
| Figure |  |  |  |
| GREEN | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { RED } \\ \end{array}\right.$ | $\}$ | BLUE |

Fig. 5

1. Set the unit facing east.
2. Operate the unit for over 30 minutes before adjusting.
3. Fully degauss the unit using an external degaussing coil.
4. Loosen the screw on the Deflection Yoke Clamper and pull the Deflection Yoke back away from the screen. (See Fig. 6)
5. Loosen the Ring Lock and adjust the Purity Magnets so that a red field is obtained at the center of the screen. Tighten Ring Lock. (See Fig. 5,6)
6. Slowly push the Deflection Yoke toward bell of CRT and set it where a uniform red field is obtained.
7. Tighten the clamp screw on the Deflection Yoke.

## 17. Convergence Adjustment

Purpose: To obtain proper convergence of red, green and blue beams.

Symptom of Misadjustment: If Convergence
Adjustment is incorrect, the edge of white letters may have color edges.

| Test Point | Adj. Point | Mode | Input |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -- | C.P. Magnet (RB) <br> C.P. Magnet (RB-G) <br> Deflection Yoke | --- | Dot Pattern <br> or <br> Crosshatch |
| Tape | M. EQ. | Spec. |  |
| -- | Pattern Generator | See below |  |

Figure


Fig. 6
C.P. MAGNET (RB)


Fig. 7
C.B. MAGNET (RB-G)

$R B \oint$
G

Fig. 8

1. Loosen the Ring Lock and align red with blue dots or Crosshatch at the center of the screen by rotating (RB) C.P. Magnets. (See Fig. 7)
2. Align red / blue with green dots at the center of the screen by rotating (RB-G) C.P. Magnet. (See Fig. 8)
3. Paintlock the C.P. Magnets after adjustment.
4. Remove the DY Wedges and slightly tilt the Deflection Yoke horizontally and vertically to obtain the best overall convergence.
5. Fix the Deflection Yoke by carefully inserting the DY Wedges between CRT and Deflection Yoke.

## HOW TO INITIALIZE THE TELEVISION

To put the program back at the factory-default, initialize the television as the following procedure.

1. Use the service remote control unit.
2. Turn the power on. (Use main power on the TV unit.)
3. Press [SLEEP] button on the service remote control unit to enter the Service mode. (Refer to "How to enter the Service mode" on page 5-1.)
4. Press [VOL $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ ] button on the service remote control unit twice, and confirm that OSD indication is " $7 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{FF}$." If needed, set it to become " $7 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{FF}$ " by pressing $[\mathrm{CH} \wedge / \nabla]$ buttons on the service remote control unit.
5. Confirm that OSD indication on the four corners on TV screen changes from on and off light indication to red by pressing a [DISPLAY] button. (It takes one or two seconds.)
6. Turn the power off by pressing main power button on the TV unit, and unplug the AC cord from the AC outlet.

## BLOCK DIAGRAMS

## System Control Block Diagram



## IF/Video Block Diagram



## Audio Block Diagram



## CRT/H.V. Block Diagram



## Power Supply Block Diagram



## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS / CBA'S AND TEST POINTS

## Standard Notes

Many electrical and mechanical parts in this chassis have special characteristics. These characteristics often pass unnoticed and the protection afforded by them cannot necessarily be obtained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. Replacement parts that have these special safety characteristics are identified in this manual and its supplements; electrical components having such features are identified by the mark "A" in the schematic diagram and the parts list. Before replacing any of these components, read the parts list in this manual carefully. The use of substitute replacement parts that do not have the same safety characteristics as specified in the parts list may create shock, fire, or other hazards.

## Notes:

1. Do not use the part number shown on these drawings for ordering. The correct part number is shown in the parts list, and may be slightly different or amended since these drawings were prepared.
2. All resistance values are indicated in ohms $\left(K=10^{3}, \mathrm{M}=10^{6}\right)$.
3. Resistor wattages are $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ or $1 / 6 \mathrm{~W}$ unless otherwise specified.
4. All capacitance values are indicated in $\mu \mathrm{F}\left(\mathrm{P}=10^{-6} \mu \mathrm{~F}\right)$.
5. All voltages are DC voltages unless otherwise specified.

## Note of Capacitors:

ML --- Mylar Cap. PP --- Metallized Film Cap. SC --- Semiconductor Cap. L --- Low Leakage type

## Temperature Characteristics of Capacitors are noted with the following:

B --- $\pm 10 \%$
CH --- $0 \pm 60 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
CSL --- +350~-1000 ppm/ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

## Tolerance of Capacitors are noted with the following:

Z --- +80~-20\%

## Note of Resistors:

CEM --- Cement Res. MTL --- Metal Res. F --- Fuse Res.
Capacitors and transistors are represented by the following symbols.

(Bottom View)


Transistor or Digital Transistor
CBA Symbols
(Bottom View)

 -- Electrolytic Capacitor

Schematic Diagram Symbols

Digital Transistor


ECB
NPN Transistor

NPN Digital Transistor

(Top View)
PNP Digital Transistor
ECB

## LIST OF CAUTION, NOTES, AND SYMBOLS USED IN THE SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS ON THE FOLLOWING PAGES:

1. CAUTION:

CAUTION: FOR CONTINUED PROTECTION AGAINST RISK OF FIRE, REPLACE ONLY WITH SAME TYPE_A,_V FUSE.
ATTENTION: UTILISER UN FUSIBLE DE RECHANGE DE MÊME TYPE DE_A,_V.

## 2. CAUTION:

Fixed Voltage (or Auto voltage selectable) power supply circuit is used in this unit.
If Main Fuse (F601) is blown, first check to see that all components in the power supply circuit are not defective before you connect the AC plug to the AC power supply. Otherwise it may cause some components in the power supply circuit to fail.

## 3. Note:

1. Do not use the part number shown on the drawings for ordering. The correct part number is shown in the parts list, and may be slightly different or amended since the drawings were prepared.
2. To maintain original function and reliability of repaired units, use only original replacement parts which are listed with their part numbers in the parts list section of the service manual.

## 4. Voltage indications on the schematics are as shown below:

Plug the TV power cord into a standard AC outlet.:


## 5. How to read converged lines

1-D3
$\uparrow$ Distinction Area
Line Number
(1 to 3 digits)
Examples:

1. "1-D3" means that line number "1" goes to the line number "1" of the area "D3".
2. "1-B1" means that line number "1" goes to the line number "1" of the area "B1".


## 6. Test Point Information

(1) : Indicates a test point with a jumper wire across a hole in the PCB.
$\square \rightarrow$ : Used to indicate a test point with a component lead on foil side.
: Used to indicate a test point with no test pin.
: Used to indicate a test point with a test pin.


## Main 2/4 Schematic Diagram



CAUTION!
Fixed voltage (or Auto voltage selectable) power supply circuit is used in this unit. If Main Fuse (F601) is blown, check to see that all components in the power supply circuit are not defective before you connect the AC plug to the AC power supply. Otherwise it may cause some components in the power supply circuit to fail.

CAUTION ! : For continued protection against risk of fire, replace only with same type $4 \mathrm{~A}, 125 \mathrm{~V}$ fuse ATTENTION : Utiliser un fusible de rechange de même type de $4 \mathrm{~A}, 125 \mathrm{~V}$.

NOTE:
The voltage for parts in hot circuit is measured using hot GND as a common terminal.



## Main CBA Top View

CAUTION!
Fixed voltage (or Auto voltage selectable) power supply circuit is used in this unit. If Main Fuse (F601) is blown, check to see that all components in the power supply circuit are not defective before you connect the AC plug to the AC power supply. Otherwise it may cause some components in the power supply circuit to fail.

CAUTION ! : For continued protection against risk of fire, replace only with same type $4 \mathrm{~A}, 125 \mathrm{~V}$ fuse. ATTENTION : Utiliser un fusible de rechange de même type de 4A, 125V NOTE:
The voltage for parts in hot circuit is measured using hot GND as a common terminal.


## CAUTION!

Fixed voltage (or Auto voltage selectable) power supply circuit is used in this unit. If Main Fuse (F601) is blown, check to see that all components in the power supply circuit are not defective before you connect the AC plug to the AC power supply Otherwise it may cause some components in the power supply circuit to fail.

CAUTION !: For continued protection against risk of fire, replace only with same type $4 \mathrm{~A}, 125 \mathrm{~V}$ fuse. NOTE:
The voltage for parts in hot circuit is measured using hot GND as a common terminal.

Because a hot chassis ground is present in the power supply circuit, an isolation transformer must be used Also, in order to have the ability to increase the input slowly, when troubleshooting this type power supply



## WAVEFORMS

WF1 ~ WF16 = Waveforms to be observed at Waveform check points. (Shown in Schematic Diagram.)

Input:
NTSC Color Bar Signal (with 1 kHz Audio Signal)
INITIAL POSITION: Unplug unit from AC outlet for at least 5 minutes.
reconnect to $A C$ outlet and then turn power on.
(Brightness---Center Color---Center Tint --- Center Contrast---Approx 70\%)


WF1 1DIV: 0.5 V 20 s IC 111 Pin 26


WF2 1DIV: 0.5V 20 s IC 111 Pin 14


WF3 $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1DIV: } 2 \mathrm{~V} \text { 20 } \mu \mathrm{s} \\ & \text { Q1511 Base }\end{aligned}$



WF5 1DIV: 2V 20 s
Q 1531 Base


WF6 1DIV: 0.2 V 20 ms IC 801 Pin 3


WF1 ~ WF16 = Waveforms to be observed at Waveform check points.
(Shown in Schematic Diagram.)
Input:
NTSC Color Bar Signal (with 1 kHz Audio Signal)
INITIAL POSITION: Unplug unit from AC outlet for at least 5 minutes.
reconnect to AC outlet and then turn power on.

## (Brightness---Center Color---Center Tint --- Center Contrast---Approx 70\%)



WF9 $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1DIV: 200V } 20 \mu \mathrm{~s} \\ & \text { CN 571 Pin } 1\end{aligned}$


WF11 1DIV: 1 V 5 ms IC 551 Pin 7


WF12 1DIV: 10V 5 ms CN 571 Pin 4


$$
\begin{array}{cc}
\text { WF13 } & \text { 1DIV: } 20 \mathrm{~V} \text { 20 } 2 \mathrm{~s} \\
& \text { Q } 1531 \text { Collector } \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$



WF14 1DIV: 20 V 20 s





## IC PIN FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS

IC111 (TV Micro Controller)

| Pin No. | Signal Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | CNVSS | GND |
| 2 | NU | Not Used |
| 3 | NU | Not Used |
| 4 | NU | Not Used |
| 5 | GND | GND |
| 6 | VCC | ALL +5V |
| 7 | NU | (GND) |
| 8 | FILT | Filter |
| 9 | HLF | Horizontal Filter |
| 10 | VHOLD | Vertical Hold |
| 11 | CVIN | Composite Video Signal Input |
| 12 | RESET | Reset |
| 13 | MCU RESET OUT | Reset Signal Output |
| 14 | Y-SW OUT | Composite Video Signal Output |
| 15 | GND | GND |
| 16 | 3.58 X'TAL | Crystal Oscillation (3.58MHz) |
| 17 | C-APC | Chrominance APC |
| 18 | MCU 5.7REG OUT | +5.7V Regulator Control Signal Output |
| 19 | NU | Not Used |
| 20 | NU | Not Used |
| 21 | NU | Not Used |
| 22 | VCC | Vcc |
| 23 | NU | (GND) |
| 24 | CVBS IN2 | Composite Video Signal 2 Input |
| 25 | NU | Not Used |
| 26 | CVBS IN1 | Composite Video Signal 1 Input |
| 27 | NU | Not Used |
| 28 | $\begin{aligned} & +5.7 \mathrm{VEG} \\ & \text { OUT } \end{aligned}$ | +5.7V Regulator Control Signal Output |
| 29 | C(Y/C) IN | Chrominance Signal Input |
| 30 | Y(Y/C) IN | Luminance Signal Input |
| 31 | V REG VCC | DC 8.7V Input |
| 32 | FSC OUT | Clock Output |
| 33 | NU | Not Used |
| 34 | NU | Not Used |
| 35 | NU | Not Used |
| 36 | NU | Not Used |
| 37 | V RAMP F/B | Vertical Ramp Feed Back |


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pin } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ | Signal Name | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 38 | V RAMP OUT | Vertical Ramp Output |
| 39 | V RAMP CAP | Vertical Ramp OSC Capacitor |
| 40 | 8.7 VREG OUT | DC 8.7V Output |
| 41 | NU | Not Used |
| 42 | H VCO F/B | Horizontal Vco Feed Back |
| 43 | AFC FILT | Horizontal AFC Filter |
| 44 | GND | GND |
| 45 | FBP IN | Flyback Pulse Input |
| 46 | H-OUT | Horizontal Pulse Output |
| 47 | VCC | Vcc |
| 48 | VCC | Vcc |
| 49 | VCC | Vcc |
| 50 | R OUT | Red Signal Output |
| 51 | G OUT | Green Signal Output |
| 52 | B OUT | Blue Signal Output |
| 53 | ACL | Automatic Contrast Limiter |
| 54 | NU | Not Used |
| 55 | NU | Not Used |
| 56 | SDA | Serial Data |
| 57 | A-MUTE | Audio Mute Signal Output |
| 58 | SCL | Serial Clock |
| 59 | NU | (GND) |
| 60 | NU | Not Used |
| 61 | S-SW | Detecting S-VIDEO Jack Connection |
| 62 | VOLUME | Volume Control Signal Output |
| 63 | INPUTO | Input Select 0 Signal Output |
| 64 | NU | Not Used |
| 65 | NU | Not Used |
| 66 | KEY-IN 1 | Key Input 1 (Main) |
| 67 | PROTECT-2 | Power Supply Protection 2 |
| 68 | PROTECT-1 | Power Supply Protection 1 |
| 69 | KEY-IN 2 | Key Input 2 (Main) |
| 70 | RCV-IN | Remote Control Signal Input |
| 71 | P-ON-L | Power On Signal at Low |
| 72 | I2C OPEN | Chip Select |
| 73 | AFT-IN | AFT Voltage Input |
| 74 | DG-ON-H | Degaussing Coil Control |
| 75 | AGC | Auto Gain Control |
| 76 | PROTECT 3 | Power Supply Protection 3 |


| Pin <br> No. | Signal Name | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 77 | NU | Not Used |
| 78 | NU | Not Used |
| 79 | P-ON-H | Power On Signal at High |
| 80 | INPUT-1 | Input Select 1 Signal Output |

## EXPLODED VIEWS

## Cabinet



## Packing



## MECHANICAL PARTS LIST

PRODUCT SAFETY NOTE: Products marked with a A have special characteristics important to safety. Before replacing any of these components, read carefully the product safety notice in this service manual. Don't degrade the safety of the product through improper servicing.
NOTE: Parts that are not assigned part numbers
(---------) are not available.

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A-1 | FRONT CABINET L3314WQ | 1EM121215 |
| A-2 | REAR CABINET L2404UE | 0EM000858 |
| A-3 | CONTROL PLATE L3314WQ | 1EM321608 |
| A-44 | RATING LABEL L3314WQ | -------- |
| B-1 | SPRING TENSION B0080B0 EM40808 | 26WH006 |
| B-2 | SCREW L1500UA | 0EM406142A |
| B-54 | DEGAUSS HOLDER L2401UB | 1EM420205 |
| B-6 | SPEAKER HOLDER L2404UE | 1EM420493 |
| B-11 | CLOTH L9800UA 95X15XT 00.5 | 0EM405041 |
| CLN551 | CRT GND WIRE | WX1L7820-003 |
| CLN801 | WIRE ASSEMBLY | WX1L9200-001 |
| CLN802 | WIRE ASSEMBLY SPEAKER WIRE(180MM) | WX1L1131-001 |
| DG691A | DEGAUSSING COIL F-054 | LLBH00ZTM054 |
| DY551A | DEFLECTION YOKE LLBY00ZSY010 | LLBY00ZSY010 |
| L-8 | SCREW P-TIGHT 4X18 BIND HEAD + | GBJP4180 |
| L-9 | SCREW TAPPING M4X14 | DBT14140 |
| L-10 | SCREW P-TIGHT 3X12 BIND HEAD+ BLK | GBHP3120 |
| L-13 | SCREW P-TIGHT 3X14 BIND HEAD + | GBJP3140 |
| PB4A | CHASSIS NO. LABEL L1520P1 | -------- |
| PB6 | CLOTH 10X65XT0.3 | 1EM420328 |
| SP801 | SPEAKER S08N04 | DSD0808XQ013 |
| SP802 | SPEAKER S08N04 | DSD0808XQ013 |
| V5014 | CRT A51MAJ196X | TCRT190PTD02 |
| V501-1 | C.P.MAGNET JH225-FN-00 | XM04000BV003 |
| V501-2 | WEDGE FT-00110W | XV10000T4001 |
| PACKING |  |  |
| S-1 | CARTON L3314WQ | 1EM422648 |
| S-2 | STYROFOAM TOP ASSEMBLY L2404UE | 0EM409269 |
| S-3 | STYROFOAM BOTTOM ASSEMBLY L2404UE | 0EM409270 |
| S-4 | SET SHEET B7500UA 1000X1700 | 0EM402178 |
| S-5 | SERIAL NO. LABEL L3314WQ | -- |
| S-6 | HOLD PAD L1400UA | 0EM406207 |
| ACCESSORIES |  |  |
| X-1 | REMOTE CONTROL NE116UE | NE116UE |
| X-2 | DRY BATTERY R6P/2S | XB0M451T0001 |
| X-34 | OWNERS MANUAL L3314WQ | 1EMN21393 |
| X-5 | BAG POLYETHYLENE 235X365XT0.03 | 0EM408420A |

## ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

PRODUCT SAFETY NOTE: Products marked with a A have special characteristics important to safety. Before replacing any of these components, read carefully the product safety notice in this service manual. Don't degrade the safety of the product through improper servicing.

## NOTES:

1. Parts that are not assigned part numbers (---------) are not available.
2. Tolerance of Capacitors and Resistors are noted with the following symbols.
C..... $\pm 0.25 \%$
D..... $\pm 0.5 \%$
F..... $\pm 1 \%$
G..... $\pm 2 \%$
J...... $\pm 5 \%$
K..... $\pm 10 \%$
M..... $\pm 20 \%$
N..... $\pm 30 \%$
Z.....+80/-20\%

## MMA CBA

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | MMA CBA <br> Consists of the following: | 1ESA10468 |
|  | MAIN CBA <br> CRT CBA | ------------ |

## MAIN CBA

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MAIN CBA Consists of the following: | --------- |
| CAPACITORS |  |  |
| C11 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C12 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C13 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C14 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCK1JKT0B103 |
| C31 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C34 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ | CE1JMASDLR47 |
| C35 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) SL J 47pF/50V | CCA1JJTSL470 |
| C36 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B102 |
| C37 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
| C38 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) SL J 47pF/50V | CCA1JJTSL470 |
| C49 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C50 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH K 3.3pF/50V | CCA1JKTCH3R3 |
| C51 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B102 |
| C52 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. B K $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CHD1JKB0B103 |
| C53 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C54 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKTOB102 |
| C55 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C56 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| C57 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.047 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CMA1JJS00473 |
| C58 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.033 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CMA1JJS00333 |
| C59 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH K 2.7pF/50V | CCA1JKTCH2R7 |
| C60 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) CH K 5.6pF/50V | CCA1JKTCH5R6 |
| C104 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $10 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL100 |
| C111 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1CMASDL470 |
| C112 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C113 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. F Z $0.14 \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CHD1EZB0F104 |
| C114 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.001 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ J | CMA1JJS00102 |
| C115 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDLOR1 |
| C116 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 220pF/50V | CCA1JKTOB221 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C117 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) Y K 0.01 $\mu \mathrm{F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1CKT0Y103 |
| C122 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 100 $\mathrm{F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C132 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCK1JZTOF104 |
| C133 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C150 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. F Z $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CHD1EZB0F104 |
| C151 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 220pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B221 |
| C152 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K220pF/50V | CCA1JKTOB221 |
| C301 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. CH J 120pF/50V | CHD1JJBCH121 |
| C302 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
| C303 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B $0.015 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCK1JKTOB153 |
| C306 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C309 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL0R1 |
| C322 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDLR47 |
| C324 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $10 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL100 |
| C325 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) SL J 12pF/50V | CCA1JJTSL120 |
| C328 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $10 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL100 |
| C329 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCA1EZTFZ103 |
| C330 | STACKED FILM CAP. $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CMA1JJS00474 |
| C331 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B102 |
| C332 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $10 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL100 |
| C341 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. B K $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CHD1JKB0B103 |
| C342 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
| C343 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. B K $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CHD1JKB0B103 |
| C345 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL102 |
| C351 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 100pF/50V | CCA1JKTOB101 |
| C352 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 100pF/50V | CCA1JKTOB101 |
| C353 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
| C401 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $3.3 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL3R3 |
| C402 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $3.3 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL3R3 |
| C403 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) F $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCK1JZTOF104 |
| C404 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B $0.022 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCK1JKTOB223 |
| C405 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. F Z $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CHD1EZB0F104 |
| C406 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. B K $0.033 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ | CHD1EKB0B333 |
| C411 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C413 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C414 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL2R2 |
| C415 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. CH J 150pF/50V | CHD1JJBCH151 |
| C416 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. CH J 150pF/50V | CHD1JJBCH151 |
| C417 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL2R2 |
| C421 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C422 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M H7 | CE1JMASSLR47 |
| C423 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. B K 5600pF/50V | CHD1JKB0B562 |
| C426 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C427 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M} \mathrm{H7}$ | CE1JMASSLR47 |
| C428 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) X K 5600pF/16V | CCA1CKT0X562 |
| C441 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $10 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL100 |
| C442 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL2R2 |
| C444 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.33 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDLR33 |
| C445 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CMA1JJS00104 |
| C446 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CMA1JJS00104 |
| C448 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL2R2 |
| C501 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CMA1JJS00104 |
| C503 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 35 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1GMASDL470 |
| C504 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ LL | CE1JMASLH1R0 |
| C505 | ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAP 1000 $\mathrm{HF} / 25 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1EMZNTM102 |
| C506 | ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAP $470 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 35 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1GMZNTM471 |
| C507 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.047 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ J | CMA1JJS00473 |
| C520 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C566A | CERAMIC CAP. BN 1200pF/2KV | CCD3DKA0B122 |
| C571A | PP CAP. $0.27 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ J | CT2E274MS041 |
| C574A | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE2EMASDL4R7 |
| C577 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 35 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1GMASDL470 |
| C578 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ J | CMA1JJS00103 |
| C580A | P.P. CAP $0.0082 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 1.6 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{~J}$ | CA3C822VC010 |
| C582A | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P10.0 | JW10.0T |
| C584A | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 160 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE2CMASDL1R0 |
| C588A | ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAP $47 \mu F / 160 V$ M | CE2CMZPTM470 |
| C594A | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $10 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL100 |
| C6014 | METALIZED FILM CAP. $0.22 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ | CT2E224MS037 |
| C605 | CERAMIC CAP. F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCD2JZPOF103 |
| C606 | CERAMIC CAP. F Z $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 500 \mathrm{~V}$ | CCD2JZPOF103 |
| C609 | CERAMIC CAP. BN 680pF/2KV | CCD3DKA0B681 |
| C610 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 220 $\mu$ F/200V SLX | CA2D221S6003 |
| C611 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.068 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ J | CMA1JJS00683 |
| C614 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.0027 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CMA1JJS00272 |
| C616 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.068 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ J | CMA1JJS00683 |
| If $\mathbf{C 6 4 2}$ is $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, then C 643 is $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$. |  |  |
| C642A | SAFETY CAP. 10000pF/250V | CCG2EMA0F103 |
| C643A | SAFETY CAP. 10000pF/250V | CCG2EMA0F103 |
| If C643 is 4700pF, then JS642 (PCB JUMPER) is used. |  |  |
| C643 | SAFETY CAP. 4700pF/250V KX | CA2E472MR050 |
| JS642 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P10.0 | JW10.0T |
| C651 | CERAMIC CAP. BN 560pF/2KV | CCD3DKA0B561 |
| C652 | CERAMIC CAP. B K 2200pF/500V | CCD2JKS0B222 |
| C654A | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
| C656A | ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAP 100 $\mu \mathrm{F} / 160 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE2CMZPTM101 |
| C657 A | ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAP 470 $\mathrm{H} / 35 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1GMZNTM471 |
| C658A | ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAP $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1CMZNTM102 |
| C662A | ALUMINUM ELECTROLYTIC CAP $1000 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1CMZNTM102 |
| C663 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. B K 1000pF/50V | CHD1JKB0B102 |
| C667 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
| C673 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $10 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL100 |
| C681 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
| C682 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C684 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C685 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 100 $\mu \mathrm{F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C705 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) X K 3900pF/16V | CCA1CKT0X392 |
| C706 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDLR47 |
| C708 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. B K 3900pF/50V | CHD1JKB0B392 |
| C709 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDLR47 |
| C713 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| C718 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 1000pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B102 |
| C725 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. B K 3900pF/50V | CHD1JKB0B392 |
| C726 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDLR47 |
| C728 | CHIP CERAMIC CAP. B K 3900pF/50V | CHD1JKB0B392 |
| C729 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $0.47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDLR47 |
| C773 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $100 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 10 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1AMASDL101 |
| C801 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $220 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1CMASDL221 |
| C802 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $220 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1CMASDL221 |
| C803 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CMA1JJS00104 |
| C804 | FILM CAP.(P) $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~J}$ | CMA1JJS00104 |
| C807 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1JMASDL4R7 |
| C808 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
| C809 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{M}$ | CE1JMASDL1R0 |
| C811 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $470 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1CMASDL471 |
| C833 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. $47 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 16 \mathrm{~V}$ M | CE1CMASDL470 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CONNECTORS |  |  |
| CN571A | CONNECTOR PRINT OSU 5P RTB-1.5-5P (LF) | J3RTC05JG002 |
| CN691A | CONNECTOR PRINT OSU 2P RTB-1.5-2P (LF) | J3RTC02JG002 |
| CN801 | CONNECTOR PRINT OSU 008283021200000S+ | J383C02UG004 |
| CN802 | CONNECTOR PRINT OSU 008283021200000S+ | J383C02UG004 |
| DIODES |  |  |
| D101 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D102 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D131 | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-775.1B | QDTB0MTZJ5R1 |
| D171 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D322 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D323 | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-779.1B | QDTB0MTZJ9R1 |
| D326 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D351 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D352 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D353 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D501 | DIODE 1N5399-B/P | NDLZ001N5399 |
| D502A | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-7718B | QDTB00MTZJ18 |
| D503A | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D571 | DIODE FR104-B | NDLZ000FR104 |
| D572 | FAST RECOVERY DIODE ERA22-04 | QDPZOERA2204 |
| D583 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D584A | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D585 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D5914 | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-7736B | QDTB00MTZJ36 |
| D595A | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D597 | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-776.8B | QDTB0MTZJ6R8 |
| D605A | DIODE 1N5399-B/P | NDLZ001N5399 |
| D6064 | DIODE 1N5399-B/P | NDLZ001N5399 |
| D607 A | DIODE 1N5399-B/P | NDL2001N5399 |
| D608A | DIODE 1N5399-B/P | NDLZ001N5399 |
| D6114 | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-7724C | QDTC00MTZJ24 |
| D612A | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-7736B | QDTB00MTZJ36 |
| D613 | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-775.6B | QDTB0MTZJ5R6 |
| D614 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D6154 | SWITCHING DIODE 1N4148 T-77 | QDTZ001N4148 |
| D623 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| D631 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D632 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D633 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
|  | FAST RECOVERY DIODE CA201-4 | QDWZ00CA2014 |
| D652A | DIODE FR154 | NDLZ000FR154 |
| D653A | DIODE FR154 | NDLZ000FR154 |
| D654 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D655A | DIODE ZENER 1ZB180(Q) | QDLZ01ZB180Q |
| D656A | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-777.5B | QDTB0MTZJ7R5 |
| D657 A | DIODE FR154 | NDLZ000FR154 |
| D660 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D6614 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D666 | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-7736B | QDTB00MTZJ36 |
| D671 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D672 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D675 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D685A | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D686 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D6964 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D801 | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-773.0B | QDTB0MTZJ3R0 |
|  | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D842A | ZENER DIODE MTZJT-775.1B | QDTB0MTZJ5R1 |
| ICS |  |  |
| IC31 | IC VIF/SIF M61116FP TF0G | QSZBA0SHT034 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{\text {CC111 }}$ | IC MICRO COMPUTERNCD(PB FREE) M61271M8-076FP RF4T | QSZACORHTO85 |
| 1 C151 | IC CAT24WCO2WI-TE13 | NSZBAOTBG007 |
| 16431 | IC MTS DECORDER AN5832SAE1V | QSZBA0TMS003 |
| 1 C 551 | VERTICAL OUTPUT IC LA78004A | QSBBAOSSYOO3 |
| 166014 | PHOTOCOUPLER LTV-817C-F | NPECOLTV17F |
| 10771 | IC SWITCHING TC4052BF(ELNF) | QSZBA00TS162 |
| $1 \mathrm{CB01}$ | IC AN17812A | QSZBA0SMS017 |
| COILS |  |  |
| L12 | INDUCTOR 22uH-K-5FT | LLARKBSTU220 |
| L34 | INDUCTOR 18 ${ }^{\text {H }}$ - -26 T | LLAXJATTU180 |
| L50 | INDUCTOR 150 H ---26T | LLAXJATTU151 |
| L51 | INDUCTOR 100uH-J-5F | LLARJCSTU101 |
| L112 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| L301 | PCB JUMPER D 0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| L551 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P10.0 | JW10.0T |
| L588 | CHOKE COIL 47 H | LLBDOOPKV022 |
| L601A | LINE FLTTER TLF12UA302W1R0 | LLBG002TU025 |
| TRANSISTORS |  |  |
| Q1114 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) | QQSF02SC2785 |
| Q131 | RES. BUILT-IN TRANSISTOR BAIFAM-T | QSSZOOBA1F4M |
| Q161 | RES. BUILT-IN TRANSISTOR BAIFAM-T | QSSZOOBA1F4M |
| Q321 | TRANSIITOR 2SC2785(F) | QSSF02SC2785 |
| Q361 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) | QQSFO2SC2785 |
| Q571 | TRANSISTOR T2 140LS-YB11 | Qazzootr2140 |
| Q572 | NPN TRANSISTOR 2SC1627-Y (TE2.FT) | QQSY2SC1627F |
| Q6014 | MOS FET 2SK3563 | QFWZ02SK3563 |
| Q602A | TRANSISTOR 2SC2120-O(TE2F T) | QQS02SC2120F |
| 0631 | TRANSISTOR 2SA1175(F) | QQSFO2SA1175 |
| Q652A | TRANSIITOR 2SC2785(F) | QQSF02SC2785 |
| Q672A | TRANSISTOR 2SA1175(F) | QQSFO2SA1175 |
| Q673 | TRANSIITOR 2SC2785(F) | QQSF02SC2785 |
| Q674 | TRANSIITOR 2SC2785(F) | QSSFO2SC2785 |
| Q6814 | TRANSISTOR KTC3199-GR-AT/P | NQS4KTC3199P |
| Q682A | TRANSISTOR 2SD400(E) | QQUE002SD400 |
| Q696 | NPN TRANSISTOR KRC105M-ATP | NOSZKRC105MP |
| Q801 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) | QQSF02SC2785 |
| Q811 | TRANSISTOR 2SC2785(F) | QQSFO2SC2785 |
| RESISTORS |  |  |
| R12 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.OT |
| R31 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J2.2K $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R32 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 390 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0391 |
| R35 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} / 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0102 |
| R37 | CHIP RES. $1 / 1 / 10 \mathrm{~J}$ J20 $\Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0221 |
| R38 | CHIP RES. $1 / 1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB520153 |
| R39 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB520153 |
| R44 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0101 |
| R50 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R54 | CARBON RES. $11 / \mathrm{W} \mathrm{J} 22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R101 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R102 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.5 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | RRXAJB520152 |
| R103 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $2.2 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | RRXAJB570222 |
| R104 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0272 |
| R105 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0472 |
| R106 | CHIP RES. $1 / 1 / 0 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 8.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0822 |
| R108 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB520103 |
| R109 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAAB5Z0103 |
| R111 | CARBONRES. $114 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R112 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R113 | CHIP RES. $1 / 110 \mathrm{~W}$ J $270 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0274 |
| R114 | CHP RES. $1 / 1 / 0 \mathrm{~W} J 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB520102 |
| R116 | CHP RES. 1/10W 0 O | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R121 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 W \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R122 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R123 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0102 |
| R131 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}$ J $470 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0471 |
| R133 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R134 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0472 |
| R135 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0222 |
| R136 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0104 |
| R137 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0101 |
| R138 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}$ J $220 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0224 |
| R139 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J22k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R140 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5ZO102 |
| R141 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R150 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R153 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R154 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R161 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 470 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0471 |
| R162 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0223 |
| R163 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $470 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0471 |
| R164 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R165 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}$ J $4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0472 |
| R167 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0272 |
| R168 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 4.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0472 |
| R170 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R171 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}$ J $560 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0561 |
| R172 | CHIPRES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R173 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0223 |
| R174 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J 10k $\Omega$ | RRXAJB5ZO103 |
| R176 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $100 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0101 |
| R177 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0101 |
| R178 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 470 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0471 |
| R301 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 6.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0682 |
| R302 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0101 |
| R303 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 470 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0471 |
| R320 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R323 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R326 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5ZO101 |
| R327 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R328 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0473 |
| R329 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0473 |
| R330 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0102 |
| R332 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 75 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0750 |
| R342 | CHIPRES. 1/10WJ $0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R344 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 6.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0682 |
| R345 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R346 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $2.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0272 |
| R348 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J $27 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0273 |
| R349 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0332 |
| R355 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{39k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5ZO393 |
| R356 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0101 |
| R357 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $100 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0101 |
| R358 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0101 |
| R361 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J 10k $\Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R362 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{WJ} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R363 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0473 |
| R417 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{180k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0184 |
| R422 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 8.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0822 |
| R423 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{4.7k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0472 |
| R427 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{WJ} 8.2 \mathrm{~L} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0822 |
| R428 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{4.7k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0472 |
| R445 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $3.3 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0332 |
| R503 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J $56 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0563 |
| R504 | CARBONRES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 4.7 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ04R7 |
| R505 | CARBONRES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{WJ} 1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R506 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $3.3 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ03R3 |
| R507 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 3.3 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ03R3 |
| R513 A | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. $2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \Omega$ | RN02150ZU001 |
| R514 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0562 |
| R520 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J 3.3k $\Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0332 |
| R522 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R535 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J $470 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0471 |
| R541 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 820 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0821 |
| R542 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 820 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0821 |
| R544 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 1.5k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R571A | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. $2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RN02102ZU001 |
| R572A | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. $2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{1k} \Omega$ | RN02102ZU001 |
| R574 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 180 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0181 |
| R575 A | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0150 |
| R576 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0102 |
| R577 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J $220 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0221 |
| R578A | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0150 |
| R579 A | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0150 |
| R581 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R583A | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. $2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 2.7 \Omega$ | RN02JZLZ02R7 |
| R584 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0102 |
| R587 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R588」 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0104 |
| R589 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0104 |
| R590 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 270 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0274 |
| R5914 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 180 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0184 |
| R592A | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 150 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0154 |
| R5934 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 68 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0683 |
| R594 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0104 |
| R595 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R597 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $8.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0822 |
| R598A | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0473 |
| R599 A | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R6014 | CEMENT RES 5 W K $1.2 \Omega$ | RW051R2PG002 |
| R602A | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 820 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0824 |
| R603 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 820 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0824 |
| R604 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 820 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0824 |
| R605 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R607 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $270 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0271 |
| R608 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $270 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0271 |
| R609 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R613A | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. 2W J $0.33 \Omega$ | RN02JZLZ0R33 |
| R614 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R615 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 180 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0184 |
| R616 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R618 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 180 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0181 |
| R621 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0102 |
| R630 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 120 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0124 |
| R631 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 22k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R632 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J 10k $\Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R641 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R650^ | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R651 | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. $2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 12 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RN02123ZU001 |
| R652 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R653 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 15k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0153 |
| R654 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0222 |
| R655 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 180 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0181 |
| R656 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0153 |
| R657 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}$ J $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0153 |
| R659 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R660 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0102 |
| R661 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 39 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0393 |
| R662 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0182 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| R663A | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 10k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0103 |
| R664 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 1.2k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0122 |
| R665 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 5.6k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0562 |
| R667 A | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 8.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0822 |
| R668 A | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 8.2k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0822 |
| R669 A | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 8.2k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0822 |
| R670 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 47k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0473 |
| R671 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J 3.3k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0332 |
| R672 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 3.3k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0332 |
| R673 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0104 |
| R674 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0223 |
| R675 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 15k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0153 |
| R676 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R677 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0223 |
| R678 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0223 |
| R680 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R681 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{WJ} 18 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0180 |
| R682 | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. 2 W J $8.2 \Omega$ | RN028R2ZU001 |
| R684A | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{WJ} 1.8 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ01R8 |
| R685 A | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.8 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ01R8 |
| R686 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 47 \mathrm{\Omega}$ | RCX4JATZ0470 |
| R687 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0100 |
| R6884 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.8 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ01R8 |
| R689 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P12.5 | JW12.5T |
| R694 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R696 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0100 |
| R704 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0473 |
| R705 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0153 |
| R706 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $12 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0123 |
| R707 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0473 |
| R708 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0153 |
| R709 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 12 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0123 |
| R713 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R716 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $75 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0750 |
| R717 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R718 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $330 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0331 |
| R721 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $75 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0750 |
| R724 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0473 |
| R725 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0153 |
| R726 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 12 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0123 |
| R727 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 47 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0473 |
| R728 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0153 |
| R729 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 12 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0123 |
| R751 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0223 |
| R752 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}$ J $27 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0273 |
| R761 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $22 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0223 |
| R762 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 27 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0273 |
| R771 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J 4.7k $\Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0472 |
| R772 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R801 | CARBON RES. $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX2JZQZ0101 |
| R802 | CARBON RES. $1 / 2 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX2JZQZ0101 |
| R803 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J $100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R804 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 100 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0101 |
| R811 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |
| R812 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 82 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0823 |
| R813 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0102 |
| R814 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J 4.7k $\Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0472 |
| R841 | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. 2 W J $6.8 \Omega$ | RN026R8ZU001 |
| R842 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R843 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $2.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0222 |
| R862 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R863 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0103 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SWITCHES |  |  |
| SW101 | TACT SWITCH SKQSAB | SST0101AL038 |
| SW102 | TACT SWITCH SKQSAB | SST0101AL038 |
| SW103 | TACT SWITCH SKQSAB | SST0101AL038 |
| SW104 | TACT SWITCH SKQSAB | SST0101AL038 |
| SW105 | TACT SWITCH SKQSAB | SST0101AL038 |
| SW106 | TACT SWITCH SKQSAB | SST0101AL038 |
| MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |
| AC6014 | AC CORD (PB FREE) PB8K9F4110AC057 | WAC0172LW019 |
| B2 | HEAT SINK L3300UZ | 1EM420611 |
| B-3 | HEAT SINK(PIH)ASSEMBLY L2405 $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | 0EM408978 |
| BC11 | BEAD INDUCTORS FBR07HA121TB-00 | LLBF00ZTU021 |
| BC571 | BEAD INDUCTORS FBA04HA600VB-00 | LLBF00STU026 |
| BC572 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| BC603 | BEAD INDUCTORS FBR07HA121TB-00 | LLBF00ZTU021 |
| BC652 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| BC653 | BEAD INDUCTORS FBR07HA121TB-00 | LLBF00ZTU021 |
| BC654 | BEAD INDUCTORS FBR07HA121TB-00 | LLBF00ZTU021 |
| BC655 | BEAD INDUCTORS FBR07HA121TB-00 | LLBF00ZTU021 |
| BC657 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| BC691 | BEAD INDUCTORS FBR07HA121TB-00 | LLBF00ZTU021 |
| CF32 | CERAMIC FILTER SFSRA4M50CF00-B0 | FBB455PMR004 |
| CLN301 | WIRE ASSEMBLY L=410 5P | WX1L1040-101 |
| CLN501 | PARALLEL WIRE 3P | WX1L1114-101 |
| F6014 | FUSE 4.00A/125V | PAGG20CNG402 |
| FH601 | FUSE HOLDER MSF-015 LF (B110) | XH01ZOOLY002 |
| FH602 | FUSE HOLDER MSF-015 LF (B110) | XH01Z00LY002 |
| GP642A | GAP. FNR-G3.10D | FAZ000LD6005 |
| JC703 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| JC704 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| JK701 | JACK RCA PCB L AV1-09-023 | JXRL010RP047 |
| JK702 | JACK RCA PCB L AV1-09-024 | JXRL010RP048 |
| JK703 | JACK SW RCA PCB L AV1-09-032 | JYRL010RP023 |
| JK711 | JACK SW RCA PCB L AV2-20-022 | JYRL020RP027 |
| JK721 | Y/C JACK 1P(SW) DMDC1-01-021 | JYEL040RP001 |
| JK801 | JACK SW HPEP SML PCB L PJ-323-7 | JYSL020YUQ02 |
| JS573 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P7.5 | JW7.5T |
| L1 | SCREW B-TIGHT D3X8 BIND HEAD+ | GBJB3080 |
| PS6914 | THERMISTOR ZPB45BL3R0A | QNBZ45BL3R0A |
| RCV101 | SENSOR REMOTE RECEIVER KSM-602SR2S | USESJRSKK049 |
| RL6014 | POWER RELAY SDT-S-112LMR | MRNDC12QN014 |
| SA6014 | SURGE ABSORBER PVR-07D471KB | NVQZ07D471KB |
| SF11 | SAW FILTER SAFHM45M7VAJZ01B03 | FBB456PMR012 |
| T571A | TRANS FBT JF0501-3201-G | LTF00CPXB049 |
| T572 | HORIZONTAL DRIVE TRANS LP2-004 | LTH00CPA5004 |
| T6014 | SWITCHING TRANSFOMER 5704 | LTT00CPKT164 |
| TP300 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P10.0 | JW10.0T |
| TP601 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P20.0 | JW20.0T |
| TU11 | TUNER UNIT TEFH9-001A 5M | UTUNNTUAL050 |
| VR661爯 | CARBON P.O.T. VZ067TL1 B103 PB(F) | VRCB103HH014 |
| X301 | XTAL 3.579545 MHz | FXD355LLN003 |


| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CONNECTOR |  |  |
| CN1501 | CONNECTOR PIN 1P RT-01N-2.3A | 1730688 |
| DIODES |  |  |
| D1502 | RECTIFIER DIODE ERA15-02 | AERA1502**** |
| D1511 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D1521 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| D1531 | SWITCHING DIODE 1SS133(T-77) | QDTZ001SS133 |
| COIL |  |  |
| L1501 | INDUCTOR 150 $\mu \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{J}-5 \mathrm{FT}$ | LLARJCSTU151 |
| TRANSISTORS |  |  |
| Q1511 | NPN TRANSISTOR 2SC2482(T6FUNAIF M | QRSZ2SC2482F |
| Q1521 | NPN TRANSISTOR 2SC2482(T6FUNAIF M | QRSZ2SC2482F |
| Q1531 | NPN TRANSISTOR 2SC2482(T6FUNAIF M | QRSZ2SC2482F |
| RESISTORS |  |  |
| R1501 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R1502 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $0 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0000 |
| R1503 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| R1510A | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. 1W J 15k $\Omega$ | RN01153ZU001 |
| R1511 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R1513 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R1515 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0562 |
| R1518 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 560 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0561 |
| R1519 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 33 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0330 |
| R1520A | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. 1W J 15k $\Omega$ | RN01153ZU001 |
| R1521 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R1523 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 1.5k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R1525 | CARBON RES. 1/4W J 5.6k $\Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0562 |
| R1528 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 560 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0561 |
| R1529 | CHIP RES. $1 / 10 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 33 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0330 |
| R1530A | METAL OXIDE FILM RES. $1 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RN01153ZU001 |
| R1531 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R1532 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0152 |
| R1535 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0562 |
| R1538 | CARBON RES. $1 / 4 \mathrm{~W} \mathrm{~J} 560 \Omega$ | RCX4JATZ0561 |
| R1539 | CHIP RES. 1/10W J $33 \Omega$ | RRXAJB5Z0330 |
| MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |
| JK15014 | CRT SOCKET ISMSO2S | JSCC220PK003 |
| JS1511 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| JS1521 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |
| JS1531 | PCB JUMPER D0.6-P5.0 | JW5.0T |

## CRT CBA

| Ref. No. | Description | Part No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | CRT CBA <br> Consists of the following: | ------- |
| CAPACITORS |  |  |
| C1502 | ELECTROLYTIC CAP. 47 $\mu$ F/16V M | CE1CMASDL470 |
| C1510 | CERAMIC CAP. B K 1000pF/2KV | CCD3DKD0B102 |
| C1511 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 330pF/50V | CCA1JKTOB331 |
| C1521 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 270pF/50V | CCA1JKTOB271 |
| C1531 | CERAMIC CAP.(AX) B K 330pF/50V | CCA1JKT0B331 |

